

### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

#### **Listing of Claims**

1. (Currently Amended) An image pickup apparatus, comprising:

a solid-state image pickup device having high-sensitivity pixels and low-sensitivity pixels, a photometric characteristic of an output of the high-sensitivity pixels being different from that of the low-sensitivity pixels, wherein

the high-sensitivity pixels have a first high-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and a second high-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and no exposure value in the first high-sensitivity exposure value range overlaps with an exposure value in the second high-sensitivity exposure value range,

the low-sensitivity pixels have a first low-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and a second low-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and no exposure value in the first low-sensitivity exposure value range overlaps with an exposure value in the second low-sensitivity exposure value range,

the exposure value at which the low-sensitivity pixels begin to function in the first low-sensitivity exposure value range coincides with

the exposure value at which the high-sensitivity pixels become saturated in the first high-sensitivity exposure value range, and

the exposure value at which the low-sensitivity pixels begin to function in the second low-sensitivity exposure value range coincides with the exposure value at which the high-sensitivity pixels become saturated in the second high-sensitivity exposure value range;

control means for (i) calculating an exposure value based on values of signal detected by said high-sensitivity pixels operating in the first high-sensitivity exposure value range and values of signal detected by said low-sensitivity pixels operating in the first low-sensitivity exposure value range, which are output from said solid-state image pickup device in a first single instance of photometry, and (ii) when a correct exposure value cannot be obtained in the first single instance of photometry due to saturation of both the high-sensitivity pixels and the low-sensitivity pixels, calculating an exposure value based on values of signal detected by said high-sensitivity pixels operating in the second high-sensitivity exposure value range and values of signal detected by said low-sensitivity pixels operating in the second low-sensitivity exposure value range, which are output from said solid-state image pickup device in a second subsequent single instance of photometry, where during each of the first and second instance of photometry, aperture and electronic shutter speed are not changed; and

signal processing means for reading data of an image picked up by said solid-state image pickup device and processing according to the calculated exposure value.

2. (Currently Amended) An image pickup apparatus, comprising:

image pickup means for picking up a subject image;

received light quantity detecting means having high-sensitivity pixels and low-sensitivity pixels, a photometric characteristic of an output of the high-sensitivity pixels being different from that of the low-sensitivity pixels, wherein

the high-sensitivity pixels have a first high-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and a second high-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and no exposure value in the first high-sensitivity exposure value range overlaps with an exposure value in the second high-sensitivity exposure value range,

the low-sensitivity pixels have a first low-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and a second low-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and no exposure value in the first low-sensitivity exposure value range overlaps with an exposure value in the second low-sensitivity exposure value range,

the exposure value at which the low-sensitivity pixels begin to function in the first low-sensitivity exposure value range coincides with the exposure value at which the high-sensitivity pixels become saturated in the first high-sensitivity exposure value range, and

the exposure value at which the low-sensitivity pixels begin to function in the second low-sensitivity exposure value range coincides with

the exposure value at which the high-sensitivity pixels become saturated in the second high-sensitivity exposure value range; and

control means for (i) calculating an exposure value based on signal showing received light quantity detected by said high-sensitivity pixels operating in the first high-sensitivity exposure value range and signal showing received light quantity detected by said low-sensitivity pixels operating in the first low-sensitivity exposure value range, which are output from said received light quantity detecting means device in a first single instance of photometry, and (ii) when a correct exposure value cannot be obtained in the first single instance of photometry due to saturation of both the high-sensitivity pixels and the low-sensitivity pixels, calculating an exposure value based on values of signal detected by said high-sensitivity pixels operating in the second high-sensitivity exposure value range and values of signal detected by said low-sensitivity pixels operating in the second low-sensitivity exposure value range, which are output from said solid-state image pickup device in a second subsequent single instance of photometry, and controlling said image pickup means to pick up a subject image according to the exposure value, where during each of the first and second instance of photometry, aperture and electronic shutter speed are not changed.

3. (Currently Amended) A photometer which calculates a exposure value of the image pickup apparatus, comprising:

received light quantity detecting means having high-sensitivity pixels and low-sensitivity pixels, a photometric characteristic of an output of the high-sensitivity pixels being different from that of the low-sensitivity pixels, wherein

the high-sensitivity pixels have a first high-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and a second high-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and no exposure value in the first high-sensitivity exposure value range overlaps with an exposure value in the second high-sensitivity exposure value range.

the low-sensitivity pixels have a first low-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and a second low-sensitivity exposure value range in which they function before becoming saturated and no exposure value in the first low-sensitivity exposure value range overlaps with an exposure value in the second low-sensitivity exposure value range.

the exposure value at which the low-sensitivity pixels begin to function in the first low-sensitivity exposure value range coincides with the exposure value at which the high-sensitivity pixels become saturated in the first high-sensitivity exposure value range, and

the exposure value at which the low-sensitivity pixels begin to function in the second low-sensitivity exposure value range coincides with the exposure value at which the high-sensitivity pixels become saturated in the second high-sensitivity exposure value range; and

calculating means for (i) calculating the exposure value based on signal showing received light quantity detected by said high-sensitivity pixels operating in the first high-sensitivity exposure value range and signal showing received light quantity detected by

said low-sensitivity pixels operating in the first low-sensitivity exposure value range, which are output from the received light quantity detecting means device in a first single instance of photometry, and (ii) when a correct exposure value cannot be obtained in the first single instance of photometry due to saturation of both the high-sensitivity pixels and the low-sensitivity pixels, calculating an exposure value based on values of signal detected by said high-sensitivity pixels operating in the second high-sensitivity exposure value range and values of signal detected by said low-sensitivity pixels operating in the second low-sensitivity exposure value range, which are output from said solid-state image pickup device in a second subsequent single instance of photometry, where during each of the first and second instance of photometry, aperture and electronic shutter speed are not changed.

Claims 4 – 6 (Canceled)

7. (Previously Presented) The image pickup apparatus of claim 1, wherein each pixel includes a high-sensitivity pixel and a low-sensitivity pixel.

8. (Previously Presented) The image pickup apparatus of claim 2, wherein each pixel includes a high-sensitivity pixel and a low-sensitivity pixel.

9. (Previously Presented) The photometer of claim 3, wherein each pixel includes a high-sensitivity pixel and a low-sensitivity pixel.